# Abbey Christian Brothers' Grammar School



# GCSE Subject Choices 2017

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## FOREWORD

Dear Student,

You now draw close to an important milestone, namely the end of your time in junior school. Naturally with this comes a degree of excitement and expectation, but now you must also make some important decisions regarding your subjects for GCSE. Please note that a recent major survey of Abbey past pupils revealed that a significant number believed that decisions taken in relation to subject options at the end of Key Stage Three had a significant bearing on their future career path.

The information contained in this booklet is to help you make choices for fourth year in as informed a way as possible. Read the information carefully, listen to others, ask questions and above all else try to work out what is best for you - and you alone. In your decisions do not be afraid to be influenced by reasons such as (a) you are good at this subject and (b) you enjoy it.

If you need further advice do not hesitate to talk to any of your teachers or relevant heads of department, Ms Reynolds, Mrs McGrath, or me.

Finally, I feel it would help if you paused now and again and quietly asked the Holy Spirit to guide your deliberations. I wish you well and pray that you will make choices now that will bring you peace and contentment in the future.

Headmaster (Mr. Dermot McGovern)

## **Careers Department Information**

## Choosing Subjects for GCSE

As a third year you are coming to the end of Key Stage Three in the Abbey, and over the next few weeks you are required to begin to make a number of important decisions about yourself, your education and your future.

This can be a daunting time for you, and there is no doubt that some decisions will be more difficult to make than others.

During your taught LLW Employability programme this year you will be focusing on preparing a personal career plan (PCP) for yourself. This involves looking more closely at you as an individual, reflecting on your strengths and weaknesses and focusing on what you are good at, interested in and enjoy.

You will also look at the various sources of information available to help you make both short-term and long-term career plans. During careers class in January some time is spent discussing the Year 10 subject options and the importance of choosing subjects relevant to your career. The following is an overview of what to consider before making your forthcoming subject choices.

## How to Choose the Right Subjects

As a Year 10 student it is important that you make the 'right' choice of GCSE subjects.

The 'right' choice should include a combined consideration of these factors -

(1) Subjects that you really like:

The more you enjoy; the easier it is to learn.

(2) Subjects that you are good at:

There may be a change in emphasis from Junior School to GCSE level, so make sure you speak to your teacher about coping with this change.

## (3) Subjects that you may need for your career:

Choosing a career is a continuous process which involves a series of choices as you make your way through life.

Your GCSE subjects will help dictate the career opportunities open to you. Think ahead and choose subjects that:-

- a) will help with your A Level studies;
- b) are needed for entry into university courses;
- c) are needed for entry into further education courses; and which
- d) may help you land a job.

# Carefully consider the GCSE and A level subject requirements for courses given at the end of this booklet.

## (4) Subjects that keep your options open:

Taking a **broad** and **balanced** range of subjects will leave open many career doors and close few.

## (5) What your teachers say:

Teachers should be able to advise you whether your choice of GCSE subjects is suited to your interests and abilities.

## (6) What parents and friends say:

Listen to others as they can pass on valuable knowledge and experience on the importance of certain subjects in the world of work. However, always remember it is your subject choice and you must do what is right for you.

# (7) Do NOT combine GCSE ICT and GCSE computer science as two options.

Your choice should be one or the other. Please note that computer science requires strong mathematical ability.

## (8) You should preferably choose a language AND a science subject.

Although most universities do not specify in detail GCSE entry requirements, it is important to understand that offering a GCSE science demonstrates your ability to analyse data and understand scientific principles. If you wish to pursue a course of study that requires the application of these skills then it would be important to be offering some level of science at GCSE.

In addition, language skills are highly sought after in the world of work as we become even more globalised. Even if you wish not to specialise in languages beyond school, many employers are seeking graduates who can apply language and linguistic skills as they are operating and competing internationally.

## What questions should I ask my teachers?

Your teachers will view it as part of their responsibility that you are entered for the most appropriate subjects and syllabus available. So before opting for, or committing yourself to any course, make sure that you ask each subject teacher:

- How much reading is involved?
- How much writing is involved?
- How much coursework/controlled assessment is involved?
- What percentage of the marks is given for coursework?
- Are there different tiers of assessment?
- Is there an oral test?
- Is there a listening test?
- What weighting has the exam or exams?
- Do I need to get more information on this subject?
- Are there projects to do?
- What practical skills are involved?
- How much laboratory or fieldwork is involved?
- What careers or career pathways are associated with this subject?

Armed with this information, you should be well placed to begin to make your GCSE decisions - the choice is yours.

Good luck.

Ms A. Reynolds (Head of Careers/CEIAG)

# ART & DESIGN

The Art and Design GCSE course is ideally suited to motivated, mature and skilled pupils who have a passion for art in all aspects of day to day life. It has the flexibility to allow students to choose a theme which they are interested in and to focus on techniques and skills eg printing, ceramics, photoshop which they would like to develop.

## CAREER OPPORTUNITIES

Successful completion of the course will provide excellent framework for A' level Art and Design and onward progression into careers diverse as architecture, engineering, graphic design, advertising, product design, the media and education.

### SPECIFICATION STRUCTURE

### Unit 1 – The Core Portfolio

## Unit 2 – Working to a Stimulus

To fulfil the requirements of this qualification, students must complete both Unit 1 & Unit 2. All work presented for assessment and moderation must be carried out under supervision.

### Unit 1 – The Core Portfolio Unit Weighting 60%

This provides an opportunity for candidates to explore what is meant by the visual elements with an emphasis on broad, creative learning experiences that fulfil the requirements of the assessment objectives. Students choose their own theme for their Core Portfolio.

Unit 2 – Working to a Stimulus Unit Weighting 40%

This externally set examination takes the form of a series of suggested ideas based on a set stimulus. A final outcome is completed within a set period of 10 hrs under controlled conditions.

### **Aims and Learning Outcomes**

Students who take this course pursue an integrated, critical, practical and theoretical study of art and design. They also develop an appreciation of the work of artists and designers from a range of cultural backgrounds.

Students who take this course:

• use appropriate technical language to make relevant comments explaining how they have developed their ideas;

realise their intentions and fulfil the requirements of the unit;

understand the importance of health and safety issues;

• investigate and develop their ideas in a personal and creative way using a range of media, materials, processes, techniques and new technology;

sustain a focused development of their work;

• experience working within the restrictions of a set stimulus;

• experiment with and explore the visual elements through research investigation, observation and analysis;

- review and modify their work to generate further ideas;
- understand, develop and use safe working practices;

• develop an appreciation of the work of artists and designers from a range of cultural backgrounds;

• work with relevant artists, designers, organisations, and creative and cultural industries and/or experience and learn from the working practices of these, where possible;

• experience working within real and relevant frameworks; and

• select, edit and present completed work for assessment and moderation.

AO1: Develop their ideas through sustained and focused investigations informed by contextual and other sources, demonstrating analytical and cultural understanding. AO2: Refine their ideas through experimenting and selecting appropriate resources, media, materials, techniques and processes. AO3: Record ideas, observations and insights relevant to their intentions in visual and/or other forms.

AO4: Present a personal, informed and meaningful response demonstrating analytical and critical understanding, realising intentions and, where appropriate, making connections between visual, written, oral or other elements.

## **BUSINESS STUDIES**

Business Studies is seen as an integrated course which emphasizes the need for students to develop the ability to make rational decisions through the application of appropriate knowledge, skills and understanding. The examination is made up of 3 units:

## Unit 1 Starting a Business

In this unit, students are introduced to the fundamentals of starting a business. They examine why businesses start and the resources required to maintain and grow them. Students explore business aims and the impact that various stakeholder groups may have on businesses. Students explore marketing options and consider the impact of e-business on potential growth strategies. They also consider why businesses conform to quality assurance standards and health and safety legislation.

This unit is made up of three parts:

### 1 Creating a Business:

Types and Organisation e.g. Sole Traders, Partnerships, Public Limited Companies, Private Companies and the Public Sector; Sources of Finance, Business Aims; Stakeholders; Customers, Factors of Production; the Role of Entrepreneurs.

### 2 Marketing:

Market Research; The Marketing Mix – the 4 Ps; International business; m-business; e-business.

### 3 Production:

Types of Production; Methods of Production; Quality Assurance; Health and Safety.

# This unit can be taken in the summer of Year 11 and will be a 1 hour 30 minute external written exam with short structured questions and extended writing. This exam is worth 40% of the final GCSE mark.

### Unit 2 Developing a Business

In this unit, students examine recruitment and selection practices and analyse the importance of a business having motivated and well-trained employees. They identify the signs of business success and failure and evaluate the different ways in which businesses grow. Students learn about business finance. They examine the sources of finance and complete basic cash flow forecasts as well as interpret simple financial statements. When analysing business performance, students consider

concepts such as ratio analysis and break-even.

This unit is made up of 3 parts.

1 Human Resources: Recruitment Selection and Training, Motivation.

## 2 Business Growth:

Success or Failure; Methods of Growth; Economies of Scale; Benefits and Drawbacks of growth.

### 3 Finance:

Cash Flow Forecasting; Ratios; Break-even; Financial statements.

# The exam for this unit is taken in the summer of Year 12 and will be a 1 hour 30 minutes written exam with short structured questions and extended writing. This exam is worth 40% of the final GCSE mark.

## Unit 3 Planning a Business (synoptic)

In this synoptic unit, students apply knowledge and understanding drawn from across the whole specification to a real business context. Students carry out research and apply it, together with their own knowledge, to a range of circumstances. They examine and evaluate specified areas of a business plan and make reasoned recommendations.

### This unit is assessed by controlled assessment.

Students complete the following:

Booklet A, a research task; and Booklet B, a structured report-writing task.

This controlled assessment is taken during Year 12. This exam is worth 20% of the final GCSE mark.

### Skills developed:

The course in Business Studies will introduce students to the skills, knowledge and attitudes necessary for setting up or managing a business or a particular aspect of a business e.g. accountancy, sales, marketing or management.

## **Career Opportunities:**

Business Studies provides a very useful foundation for higher level study. Now available as an 'A' option in this school, it is acceptable for entrance into a wide range of degree courses, leading into careers such as marketing/sales, personnel/business management, accountancy, banking, business law, finance, insurance, investment and self-employment in one's own business enterprise.

## **GCSE Computer Science**

## Summary

This is a course that has real relevance in our modern world and provides so many career opportunities. While students will no doubt already have some knowledge of computers and related areas, this course will give them in-depth understanding of how computer technology works and a look at what goes on behind the scenes. As part of this, students will investigate computer programming, which many students find interesting - a fun and interesting way to develop critical thinking analysis and problem solving skills which can be applied to everyday life.

### Prerequisite

This is a very challenging, but exciting course, so students **must** be taking Additional Mathematics at GCSE level. You will only know if you are in the Additional Mathematics class when you are in 4<sup>th</sup> year, so if you chose Computer Science as an option please also choose a backup option in case you are not in the Additional Mathematics class.

You must be hardworking and committed to take on this subject.

## GCSE Computing will enable students to:

- Develop their understanding of current and emerging technologies, understanding of how they work and apply this knowledge and understanding in a range of contexts.
- Acquire and apply knowledge, some technical skills and an understanding of the use of algorithms in computer programs to solve problems using programming.
- Use their knowledge and understanding of computer technology to become independent and discerning users of IT, able to make informed decisions about the use and be aware of the implications of different technologies.
- Acquire and apply creative and technical skills, knowledge and understanding of IT in a range of contexts.
- Develop computer programs to solve problems.
- Develop the skills to work collaboratively.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of computer programs/solutions and the impact of, and issues related to, the use of computer technology in society.

Students will learn to program using the following languages/technology:

- 1. Python
- 2. Javascript
- 3. Several others depending on the latest controlled assessment tasks.

## Assessment breakdown

### OCR exam board

The GCSE has 3 units: 2 Exam papers worth 80% of the marks and two controlled assessments each worth 20%.

The exam papers will be externally assessed and the Controlled Assessments will be internally assessed and externally moderated.

Below is the breakdown of the course.

Content Overview	Assessment Overview	
Computer systems <ul> <li>Systems Architecture</li> <li>Memory</li> <li>Storage</li> <li>Wired and wireless networks</li> <li>Network topologies, protocols and layers</li> <li>System security</li> <li>System software</li> <li>Ethical, legal, cultural and environmental concerns</li> </ul>	Computer systems (01) 80 marks 1 hour and 30 minutes Written paper (no calculators allowed)	<b>40%</b> of total GCSE
Computational thinking, algorithms and programming <ul> <li>Algorithms *</li> <li>Programming techniques</li> <li>Producing robust programs</li> <li>Computational logic</li> <li>Translators and facilities of languages</li> <li>Data representation</li> </ul>	Computational thinking, algorithms and programming (02) 80 marks 1 hour and 30 minutes Written paper (no calculators allowed)	<b>40%</b> of total GCSE
<ul> <li>Programming project **</li> <li>Programming techniques</li> <li>Analysis</li> <li>Design</li> <li>Development</li> <li>Testing and evaluation and conclusions</li> </ul>	Programming project (03/04) 40 marks Totalling 20 hours Non-Exam Assessment (NEA)	20% of total GCSE

Sample Python code at GCSE Level

```
#Task 5a
a = int(input('Enter number 1:'))
b = int(input('Enter number 2:'))
c=a+b
print('Adding your numbers together gives:'+str(c))
```

#### #Task 5b

```
width=int(input('Please enter width: '))
height=int(input('Please enter height: '))
area=width*height
print('The area is: '+str(area))
```

#Task 5c

```
radius=float(input('Please enter the radius: '))
height=float(input('Please enter the height: '))
pi=3.14159
```

```
volume=pi*radius*radius*height
volume=round(volume,2)#optional to round to 2d.p.
```

```
area=2*pi*radius*radius+2*pi*radius*height
area = round(area,2)#optional to round to 2d.p.
```

print('The volume of the cylinder is: '+str(volume))
print('The area of the cylinder is: '+str(area))

## **CONSTRUCTION**

GCSE Construction is a practical, work related course. You learn by completing projects and assignments on realistic workplace situations and activities. You focus on particular subject areas and develop a range of specialist skills and knowledge.

### The course consists of three units as follows:

- Unit 1: The Construction Industry for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century
- Unit 2: The Construction Craft project
- Unit 3: Computer Aided Design in Construction

### How is this course assessed?

Unit 1 is assessed by means of an examination A written examination lasting 1Hr (40%)

- Unit 2 is assessed through coursework Students carry out one craft project and produce a craft folder Manufactured outcome and Folder (30%)
- Unit 3 is assessed through coursework. Portfolio of computer generated drawings (30%)

## **CAREER OPPORTUNITIES**

The GCSE Construction course is a great foundation for studying A Level Construction as the topics covered are the same at A Level and having studied at GCSE it makes it an easy transition. The CAD architectural element delivered at GCSE prepares students for their first year degree studies in the area of design.

This course is designed to equip individuals who wish to gain the practical skills, knowledge and understanding required for success for employment in the technical and professional disciplines within the Construction and Engineering environment.

If you wanted to get a job straight away you could enter work based training through the Apprenticeship or Pre-Apprenticeship programme or alternatively you could continue your education to ultimately pursue an occupation in areas such as:

Architectural Design, Construction Engineering and Management, Building Surveying, Quantity Surveying, Property Management, Land Administration, Land Surveying, Town Planning.

# **DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY (CCEA)(Replaces GCSE ICT)**

For first teaching from September 2017

For first assessment from Summer 2018

For first award in Summer 2019

## **Key features**

- It offers opportunities to build on the skills and capabilities developed through the delivery of the Key Stage 3 curriculum in Northern Ireland
- The content relates directly to current software development trends and the study of modern technology based systems
- The content is a balance between knowledge and application
- It provides a sound basis for further study in both GCE Digital Technology and GCE Software Systems Development.

## Route A: Multimedia

Content		Assessment	Weighting
Compulsory Core	<b>Unit 1</b> : Digital Technology	External Written examination 1 hour	30%
Multimedia Units	<b>Unit 2</b> : Digital Authoring Concepts	External Written examination 1 hour 30 minutes	40%
	Unit 3: Digital Authoring Practice	Controlled assessment	30%

## What will I study?

## Unit 1: Digital Technology 30% External exam 1 hour

*In this unit, students explore a range of digital technologies available for data storage, manipulation, presentation and transfer. They also evaluate the importance of data security and data legislation.* 

Unit	Areas of Study
Digital	In this unit you will learn about:
Technology	• Digital data : Representing data, images, sound portability;
	• Software: Systems software, operating systems, utility programs;
	Database Applications;
	Spreadsheet Applications;
	• Hardware: Fetch execute cycle, computer performance, input,
	output, storage devices;

•	Network Technologies; Cyberspace Network Security Data Transfer; Cloud Technology;
•	Ethical, Legal and Environmental impact of Digital Technology; Digital Applications.

## Unit 2: Digital Authoring Concepts 40 % External Exam 1 hour thirty minutes

*In this unit, students gain an understanding of the concepts in the development of digital systems. They enhance the knowledge and skills developed in Unit 1.* 

Unit	Areas of Study
Digital	In this unit you will learn about:
Authoring Concepts	<ul> <li>Designing solutions :Exploring multimedia design (Movie timeline, storyboard),Exploring Database design(Form, report wireframes, data dictionary, ER)</li> <li>Digital Development considerations : Types of User Interfaces</li> <li>Multimedia applications: Gaming, Social media, Websites(Ecommerce)</li> <li>Multimedia authoring : Website creation in HTML</li> <li>Database Development</li> </ul>
	Test Plan

## Unit 3: Digital Authoring Practice Controlled assessment 30%

*In this unit, students design, develop and test digital multimedia systems.* 

Unit	Areas of Study
Digital	This is your coursework unit:
Authoring	The project brief will be provided annually by CCEA. You will identify and
Practice	research a realistic problem. You will then design a solution, implement
	and test your solution, and document and evaluate your solution

# What can I do with a qualification in Digital Technology? Look at the Facts!

IT professionals can earn 43% more than the average across all occupations in NI. IT professionals earn on average £400 per week, compared to £300 for other professionals in the same age band.

There will always be a job in IT. Six months after graduating those with IT related degrees are more likely to be hired than other academic disciplines. **IT JOBS** are multiplying four times faster than any other sector.

With a qualification in Digital Technology you will not be limited to working in the IT industry, many sectors such as Music, Retail, Hospitality employ IT professionals. In the near

future 90% of jobs such as Engineering, Accountancy, Nursing, Medicine, Art, Architecture and many more will require some level of digital skills.

## Summary

Digital Technology would be beneficial in a wide range of careers. The IT industry now accounts for a significant proportion of our economic output. It is a sector with salaries higher than the Northern Ireland average and job opportunities are increasing rapidly. The IT industry in Northern Ireland is forecast to grow at 2.4% per year from 2006 to 2021, over three times the rate of overall employment growth in Northern Ireland. (www.bringitonni.info/parents--guardians/key facts/) accessed December 2015.

In fact almost every organisation will use IT to conduct their daily operations. As a result, almost all organisations will value the knowledge, understanding and skills that GCSE Digital Technology develops. Skills that you will acquire include research, investigation, analysis, communication, problem-solving, time management and working with others. You will also develop practical skills with regard to Multimedia, Spread sheets and Databases.

## **DRAMA**

## AIMS

A course in Drama will enable students to develop:

- 1. An awareness of self and others and the world around us in a dramatic context.
- 2. Self confidence and mutual respect in a dramatic context.
- 3. Self expression through art.
- 4. Qualities of intuition, imagination, exploration, analysis and critical reflection;
- 5. Appreciation of the contribution of the arts in the development of their personality and that of others:
- 6. Development of personal qualities in decision making and co-operating with others;
- 7. Development of special interests and enthusiasm to gain confidence and a sense of achievement.

## SCHEME OF ASSESSMENT

The scheme of assessment is designed to enable students to demonstrate the levels of attainment they have achieved by combining evidence from the coursework component with that produced by the practical examination and the written terminal examination as set out below.

TIERS	COMMON
Target Grades	A* - G
Assessment Components	2
Paper 1	Section A (30%) - 2 questions on a set text
Written Examination	(a) aspect of costume or set design – 8%
	(b) rehearsal work – 20%
	Section B (10%) - one question on the text studied for the compulsory Internally Assessed Unit
	(a) an aspect of staging or an aspect of role – 12%.
	1 hour 30 minutes
Time	

Percentage assessment weighting	40% Summer only.
	The new specification allows pupils to do the Design/Technical Unit and this will be of great interest to pupils who prefer this aspect to Acting.
Internally Assessed Component	Two controlled assessment units. Internally assessed - externally moderated.
Percentage Weighting	First compulsory element: Scripted performance: 25% Second Element: 35%from list: Devised Improvisation Dance Drama Mime Design Support 60% Summer only
Documentation	Candidate and Centre Moderation Record Sheets, Teacher Assessment Record Sheet, Student Notebook.

# **English Language and English Literature**

GCSE English Language Specifications for 2017

## 2 Specification at a Glance

The table below summarises the structure of this GCSE course.

Content	Assessment	Weightings	Availability
Unit 1: Writing for Purpose and Audience and Reading to Access Non-Fiction and Media Texts	External written examination <mark>Untiered</mark> 1 hour <mark>40</mark> mins Students <mark>respond to</mark> five tasks.	30%	Summer <mark>and</mark> November from 2018
Unit 2: Speaking and Listening	Controlled Assessment Untiered Teachers assess the tasks, and we moderate the outcomes.	20%	Summer <mark>and</mark> November from 2018
Unit 3: Studying Spoken and Written Language	Controlled Assessment Untiered Teachers assess the tasks, and we moderate the outcomes.	20%	Summer <mark>and</mark> November from 2018
Unit 4: Personal or Creative Writing and Reading Literary and Non-Fiction Texts	External written examination <mark>Untiered</mark> 1 hour <mark>40</mark> mins Students <mark>respond to</mark> five tasks.	30%	Summer <mark>and</mark> November from 2018

Students must take at least 40 percent of the assessment (based on unit weightings) at the end of the course as terminal assessment.

# 3 Subject Content

We have divided this course into four units. The content of each unit and the respective learning outcomes appear below. Functional aspects of English are concentrated in Units 1 and 2, the mark schemes reflect this. These units assess candidates' abilities in Functional English – reading, writing, speaking and listening. It should be possible to develop a competence profile from this.

# 3.1 Unit 1: Writing for Purpose and Audience and Reading to Access Non-Fiction and Media Texts

In this unit, students engage with writing and reading tasks. There are two sections in the examination paper. Section A is writing and there is one task. Section B is reading and there are four tasks.

Content	Learning Outcomes
Section A: Writing for Purpose and Audience (One task – all learning	<ul> <li>Students should be able to:</li> <li>write accurately and effectively;</li> <li>use an appropriate writing form;</li> <li>express ideas and/or information precisely and</li> </ul>
outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>accurately;</li> <li>select vocabulary to persuade and/or inform the reader;</li> <li>use accurate grammar, spelling and punctuation;</li> </ul>
Section B: Reading to Access Non-Fiction and Media Texts	<ul> <li>read and understand texts;</li> <li>recognise the effects of language choices;</li> <li>develop interpretations of writers' ideas; and</li> </ul>
(Four tasks (two on each of the texts) – all learning outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>explain how writers use linguistic, grammatical and structural features to influence the reader.</li> </ul>

# 3.2 Unit 2: Speaking and Listening

In this unit, students are assessed in three controlled assessment tasks: an individual presentation and interaction, a discussion and a role play.

Content	Learning Outcomes
Task 1: Individual Presentation and Interaction (All learning outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>Students should be able to:</li> <li>communicate clearly and effectively;</li> <li>present information and ideas;</li> <li>use standard English as appropriate;</li> <li>structure and sustain talk;</li> <li>choose and adapt language appropriate to an audience;</li> </ul>
Task 2: Discussion (All learning outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>respond appropriately to questions and views of others;</li> <li>interact with others;</li> <li>make a range of effective contributions;</li> <li>express ideas clearly, accurately and appropriately;</li> <li>listen and respond to others' ideas and perspectives;</li> <li>challenge what they hear where appropriate and shape meaning through asking questions and making comments and suggestions;</li> <li>use a variety of techniques as appropriate;</li> </ul>
Task 3: Role Play <mark>(All learning</mark> outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>create and sustain different roles;</li> <li>participate in a range of real-life contexts; and</li> <li>experiment with language to engage the audience.</li> </ul>

# 3.3 Unit 3: Studying Spoken and Written Language

In this unit, students complete two controlled assessment tasks. In The Study of Spoken Language, they complete one written response that enables them to investigate the characteristics of, and influences on, the use of two pieces of spoken language.

In The Study of Written Language, students complete one written response that enables them to demonstrate knowledge of characters, themes or genre in a literary text or texts. Students can write about a text that they are studying for GCSE English Literature; however, they must submit a different piece of work that specifically meets the requirements of the specified task. Centres can adapt tasks by choosing a text that meets the needs of their students. Texts chosen must be of an appropriate level of demand.

Content	Learning Outcomes
Task 1: The Study of Spoken Language	<ul><li>Students should be able to:</li><li>understand the characteristics of spoken language;</li></ul>
(All learning outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>understand influences on spoken language choices;</li> <li>explore the impact of spoken language choices;</li> <li>understand how language varies in different contexts;</li> </ul>
Task 2:	<ul> <li>collate from different sources and make appropriate comparisons and cross-references;</li> <li>read and understand texts;</li> </ul>
The Study of Written Language	<ul> <li>understand how meaning is constructed;</li> </ul>
(All learning outcomes are	recognise the effect of language choices and patterns;
assessed.)	<ul> <li>select material appropriate to purpose;</li> <li>evaluate how texts may be interpreted differently depending on the reader's perspective; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>explain how writers use linguistic and presentational features to sustain the reader's interest.</li> </ul>

# 3.4 Unit 4: Personal or Creative Writing and Reading Literary and Non-Fiction Texts

In this unit, students engage with writing and reading. There are two sections in the examination paper. Section A is writing and there is one task. Section B is reading and there are four tasks.

Content	Learning Outcomes
Section A: Personal or Creative Writing	<ul> <li>Students should be able to:</li> <li>write clearly and fluently (as well as imaginatively, if appropriate);</li> </ul>
(All learning outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>organise ideas to support coherence;</li> <li>use an appropriate writing form;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>select vocabulary appropriate to task to engage the reader;</li> <li>use a range of sentence structures for effect;</li> <li>use accurate grammar, spelling and punctuation;</li> </ul>
Section B: Reading Literary and Non-Fiction Texts	<ul> <li>read and understand text;</li> <li>understand how meaning is constructed;</li> </ul>
(Four tasks (two on each of the texts) – all learning	<ul> <li>recognise the effect of language choices and patterns;</li> <li>select material appropriate to purpose;</li> </ul>
outcomes are assessed.)	<ul> <li>evaluate how text(s) may be interpreted differently depending on the reader's perspective; and</li> <li>explain and evaluate how writers use linguistic and presentational features to sustain the reader's interest.</li> </ul>

# 2 Specification at a Glance

The table below summarises the structure of this GCSE course.

Content	Assessment	Weightings	Availability
Unit 1: The Study of Prose	External written examination	30%	Summer from 2018
	1 hour 45 mins		
	Students answer two questions, one from		
	Section A and the set		
	question in Section B.		
	Section A is closed book.		
Unit 2:	External written	50%	Summer from 2018
The Study of Drama and Poetry	examination		
	2 hours		
	Students answer two		
	questions, one from Section A and one from		
	Section B.		
	Section A is open book. Section B is open book.		
Unit 3: The Study of	Controlled assessment	20%	Summer from 2019
Shakespeare	2 hours		
	Students complete one		
	task: an extended writing question based		
	on a theme. For		
	current themes, see		
	Appendix 3.		
	Teachers mark the		
	tasks, and we moderate the results.		
	moderate the results.		

Students must take at least 40 percent of the assessment (based on unit weightings) at the end of the course as terminal assessment.

# 3 Subject Content

We have divided this course into three units. The content of each unit and the respective learning outcomes appear below.

## 3.1 Unit 1: The Study of Prose

## Section A: Novel

In this section, students explore and respond to a modern novel they have studied. Students communicate their knowledge and understanding of the novel.

Assessment for this section is a written examination that lasts 1 hour and is worth 20 percent of the marks for this unit. Students answer one question from a choice of two on each novel.

Content	Learning Outcomes
William Golding Lord of the Flies	Students should be able to: • read and understand a novel;
or	<ul> <li>respond to the novel critically and imaginatively;</li> </ul>
Nick Hornby About A Boy	<ul> <li>select and evaluate relevant textual material;</li> </ul>
or	• use details from the novel to illustrate interpretations; and
Jennifer Johnston How Many Miles to Babylon?	<ul> <li>explain and evaluate how the author uses narrative techniques, language, structure and form to present ideas, themes, characters and settings.</li> </ul>
or Harper Lee	
To Kill a Mockingbird	
or	
John Steinbeck <i>Of Mice and Men</i>	
or	
Roddy Doyle Paddy Clarke Ha Ha Ha	

# 3.1 Unit 1: The Study of Prose

## Section B: Unseen Prose

In this section, students explore and respond to a nineteenth-century unseen prose extract. Students learn to analyse and evaluate the extract.

Assessment for this section is a written examination that lasts 45 minutes and is worth 10 percent of the marks for this unit. Students should spend 15 minutes reading the extract and 30 minutes writing their response to the set question.

Content	Learning Outcomes
Unseen prose	<ul> <li>Students should be able to:</li> <li>read and understand a prose extract;</li> <li>use details from the prose extract to illustrate interpretations; and</li> <li>explain and evaluate how the author uses narrative techniques, language, structure and form to present ideas, themes, characters and settings.</li> </ul>



## 3.2 Unit 2: The Study of Drama and Poetry

## Section A: Drama

In this section, students explore and respond to a play they have studied. Students communicate their knowledge and understanding of a play by a modern dramatist.

Assessment for this section is a written examination that lasts 1 hour and is worth 20 percent of the marks for this unit. Students are permitted to bring an unannotated copy of their chosen play into the examination. They answer one question from a choice of two on each play. See Appendix 2 for more information on the prescribed texts.

# 3.2 Unit 2: The Study of Drama and Poetry

## Section B: Poetry

In this section, students explore and respond to a collection of poems they have studied in one of the three anthologies we provide. Students learn to analyse, evaluate, and compare and contrast.

Assessment for this section is a written examination that lasts 1 hour and is worth 30 percent of the marks for this unit. Students are permitted to bring an unannotated copy of their poetry anthology into the examination. There is a choice of two questions on each anthology and students must answer one. Each question involves analysing two poems from their chosen anthology. See Appendix 2 for the list of poems in each anthology.

Content	Learning Outcomes
Anthology One: IDENTITY	Students should be able to: • read and understand an anthology of poems;
or	<ul> <li>respond to the poems critically and imaginatively;</li> </ul>
Anthology Two: RELATIONSHIPS	<ul> <li>select and evaluate relevant textual material;</li> </ul>
or	<ul> <li>use details from the poems to illustrate interpretations;</li> </ul>
Anthology Three: CONFLICT	<ul> <li>explain and evaluate the ways in which the poets express meaning and achieve effects;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>make comparisons and explain links between the poems; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>relate the poems to their social, cultural and historical contexts.</li> </ul>

# 3.3 Unit 3: The Study of Shakespeare

In this unit, students explore and respond to a Shakespeare play they have studied. Students communicate their knowledge and understanding of the play.

Assessment for this section is by controlled assessment that lasts 2 hours. For more details, see Section 6.4 and Appendix 3. See Appendix 4 for the assessment criteria.

Students should be able to:
<ul> <li>read and understand a Shakespeare play;</li> <li>respond to the play critically and imaginatively;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>select and evaluate relevant textual material;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>use details from the play to illustrate interpretations;</li> </ul>
• explain and evaluate how the dramatist uses dramatic techniques, language, structure and form to present ideas, themes, characters and settings; and
• relate the play to its social, cultural and historical contexts.

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# Food & Nutrition

GCSE Food & Nutrition combines aspects of science, nutrition, cooking and finance. Students learn about the inter-relationships between diet, health, family, home and choice and the management of resources.

GCSE Food & Nutrition gives students a valuable insight into:

- What's really in the food we eat every day;
- How to plan and cook nutritious and economical meals;
- How to choose the best food for themselves and their family;
- The importance of good nutrition and health; and
- The role of the consumer in modern eating patterns.

GCSE Food & Nutrition is divided into two compulsory units; these are outlined in more detail below:

	Component 1: Food and Nutrition Food Provenance Food processing and production Food and nutrition for good health Energy and nutrients Macronutrients (Carbs, Fat, Protein) Micronutrients (Vitamins / Minerals) Fibre Water Nutrition throughout the life cycle Special Diets (Vegetarian, Coeliac etc.) Health Issues (Diabetes, Cancer, Heart Disease) Being an effective consumer Factors affecting food choice Food Safety Food poisoning Budgeting Debt Credit / Loans / Managing Money Food Labelling Food Ethics – Food Miles / Organic / Fairtrade The Law and food	Weighting: 50% Written Exam, Summer 2019
	onent 2: Practical Food and Nutrition olled Assessment Tasks)	Weighting: 50% Controlled Assessment, October 2018
• •	Planning activity; Practical activity; and Evaluation activity	

In GCSE Food & Nutrition, students are assessed against three assessment objectives. They must:

**AO1:** recall, select and communicate their knowledge and understanding of a range of contexts;

**AO2:** apply skills, knowledge and understanding in a variety of contexts and in planning and carrying out investigations and tasks; and

**AO3:** analyse and evaluate information, sources and evidence, make reasoned judgments and present conclusions.

## The study of Food and Nutrition at GCSE can present career opportunities for pupils who may be interested in the following fields of study:

- Food and nutrition dietetics, medicine, food science, teaching;
- Food technology product development;
- Catering and hospitality industry chefs, management;
- Health education and promotion;
- Consumer studies trading standards, consumer legislation;
- Environmental health;
- Advertising, Sales and Marketing;
- Health and social services administration, nursing, child care and research work
- Horticulture / Agricultural Studies

## **FRENCH**

French is a very important European language in international affairs and knowledge of French can have a very beneficial effect on job prospects, as employers are now eager to employ people who can speak at least one European language. There are more and more opportunities to use languages in various careers and because of this an increasing number of degree courses are now offering students the opportunity to combine a language with other courses and in many cases allowing them the chance to spend a year studying at a French university.

# The information below is based on a draft revised specification and may be subject to change.

The first examinations will be taken in Summer 2018.

The GCSE Examination consists of four main areas:

## **<u>Unit 1: Listening</u>** Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

Two tiers of entry:

- Foundation Tier (35 minutes)
- Higher Tier (45 minutes)

Stimulus material in French, recorded by native speakers Responses include

- selection,
- gap filling
- answering some questions in English

- answering some questions in French

## **Unit 2 Speaking:** Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

Students will complete an oral lasting 7-12 minutes. The test will include:

- 2 role-plays
- a general conversation based on 2 topics.

## Unit 3: Reading Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

Two tiers of entry:

- Foundation Tier (50 minutes) and
- Higher Tier (60 minutes)

Stimulus material of various lengths on a range of topics in French

Pupils will answer 12 questions

Responses include:

- selection
- gap filling
- answering questions in English
- answering questions in French
- translating short sentences from French to English

## Unit 4: Writing: Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

2 Tiers of entry: Foundation Tier (1 hour) Higher Tier (1hr 15 mins)

Students will answer 4 questions:

- Writing a list of vocabulary (*Foundation Tier only*)
- Writing short phrases / sentences
- Short answers in French to one or more pieces of text
- A short translation from English to French
- A structured, extended writing in French. You will have a choice of 3 questions to pick from.

GCSE French is a very enjoyable course, which builds upon and develops the skills and vocabulary learnt through the study of French in the junior school.

## **Career opportunities:**

Being able to speak other languages is a skill that will get you ahead in the world of work.

The UK trades with over 200 countries worldwide and businesses – large, medium and small need employees with foreign language skills. Employers are looking for people with good conversational ability, which will give a good impression, help to build relationships and make new contacts. They also need people who are happy operating across cultures.

More than 30% UK businesses want people specifically for their language skills because 77% of British exporters believe they lose business because they can't speak other languages.

French is one of the world's most widely spoken languages, spoken in

- Africa (Sub-Saharan & the Maghreb)
- The Caribbean
- Canada
- Other European countries (Belgium & Switzerland)

French, along with English, is the official working language of:-

- The United Nations
- The International Olympic Committee
- The International Red Cross
- The Council of Europe
- The European Court of Justice.

French is a very important European language and a working knowledge of French will open many doors in business and the wider world of work.

## **GEOGRAPHY**

GCSE Geography is for students who are interested in the world around them. Students will have an opportunity to learn about the dynamic landscape of rivers and coasts, about natural hazards such as earthquakes and volcanoes and about how our ever changing weather systems can affect people and the environment.

They will also look at how human activity has shaped the world through the study of population, migration, settlement and development studies.

Students will also have the opportunity to carry out their own fieldwork investigation and to develop key geographical kills such as analysing and interpreting data.

Geography now comprises of 3 exams, fieldwork is included but NO controlled Assessment.

GCSE Geography will inspire students to become global citizens so if you are into people and places read on!!!

Content Assessment	Weighting	Availability
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Unit 1: Understanding Our Natural World	<b>External written exam</b> 1 hour 30 minutes Four multi-part questions are	40%	May / June from 2018
This unit covers the	set with one on each theme.		
following themes: Theme A: River Environments (25%0	Candidates answer all four questions.		
Theme B: Coastal Environments (25%)			
Theme C: Our changing Weather and Climate (25%)			
Theme D: The Restless Earth – Earthquakes and Volcanoes (25%)			

Content	Assessment	Weighting	Availability
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Content	Assessment	Weighting	Availability
Unit 2: Living in Our World	External written exam 1 hour 30 minutes	40%	May / June from 2018
This unit covers the following themes:	Four multi-part questions are set with one on each theme.		
Theme A: Population and Migration (25%)	Candidates answer all four questions. questions.		
Theme B: Changing Urban Areas (25%)	4		
Theme C: Contrasts in World Development (25%)			
Theme D: Managing our Environment (25%)			

Content	Assessment	Weighting	Availability
Unit 3: Fieldwork	1hour exam	40%	May / June from 2018
the opportunity to	Students base their answers on their knowledge and experience of fieldwork		
enquiry eg River Study	Students must bring a fieldwork statement and table of results to the examination		

# CAREER OPPORTUNITIES:

Geography is an interesting and versatile subject and is regarded as a science as well as a humanities subject. It complements subjects such as Business Studies, Biology and Chemistry. It can be easily combined with almost all GCSE subjects and therefore widens career choice. Geography gives students the skills employers are looking for. GCSE Geography allows students to proceed to careers as diverse as Medicine, Law, Town and Country Planning, Marketing, Teaching, Environmental Health, Architecture, Environmental planning, Land use and environmental management, Advertising, Construction management, Communications and public relations, Property Investment.

# <u>HISTORY</u>

The History Department has chosen the CCEA Syllabus as being most suited to the individual interests and skills of the teachers in the Department.

### AIMS

- 1. The stimulation of interest in and enthusiasm for the study of the past.
- 2. The development of a feeling for the past.
- 3. The acquisition of knowledge and understanding of human activity in the past, linking it, as appropriate, with the present.
- 4. An understanding of the nature of cause and consequence, continuity and change, similarity and difference.
- 5. The development of essential study skills such as the ability to locate and extract information from primary and secondary sources; to detect bias; to analyse this information and to construct a logical argument.
- 6. The furthering of methods for the discovery, interpretation and communication of knowledge about the past.
- Paper 1: Germany 1918 39

Britain, Northern Ireland, Eire 1920-49

Paper 2: International Relations : The Cold War 1945-89, New tensions after 1989 : Al Qaeda and 9/11, The 2003 invasion of Iraq and the rise of Islamic State.

## **THE EDUCATIONAL VALUE OF GCSE HISTORY -**

Pupils who have studied History at GCSE Level are better able to understand their own world: public events, current affairs and contemporary trends. A greater understanding of the past helps create a critical awareness of the present: GCSE History promotes empathy and helps pupils to understand the attitudes of others: Moreover, it helps pupils to examine political claims critically, which could be vital in preventing the enslavement of future generations.

History has special relevance for those who proceed to careers in Law, Journalism, Politics, Social Work, the Civil Service and Teaching. Perhaps less obvious is the value for those interested in Management, Architecture and Sales. Above all, History is about people and as such is of some relevance to almost every career.

Obtaining a grade B or higher in GCSE History, along with the experience of working at that subject, will be of benefit for those pupils interested in taking 'A' Level History and / or A Level Politics.

Also, in the past ten years 'A' level History has produced some of the best results in the school.

It should be noted that History is one of the Russell Group universities' facilitating subjects. The Russell Group is a group of the 24 leading universities in the UK, (of which Queen's University, Belfast is a member). With History seen as a 'facilitating subject'; they see the study of the subject as opening doors to more degrees and more professions.

## <u>IRISH</u>

## THE SYLLABUS:

The GCSE Irish Syllabus is structured in such a way as to cater for a wide variety of students, including those who will be ceasing formal education at 16 but who wish to have a working knowledge of the language; those going on to further education but not specialising in the subject; those going on to specialise in the subject at "A" Level.

Irish is now partially modular based and students will complete two tasks in Year 11 and two tasks in Year 12.

### Unit 1: Speaking (AO2)

Controlled assessment Students prepare and complete **two tasks** under supervision. Teachers can either:

· select or adapt the two tasks from a list that we provide; or

• set their own two tasks, keeping within

.Teachers mark the assessments and we moderate them. 30% Every Summer (beginning in 2017)

## Unit 2:

## Writing

Controlled assessment Students prepare and complete **two tasks** under supervision. We mark the assessments. 30% Every Summer (beginning in 2017)

## Unit 3:

Listening

One externally assessed written paper

Two tiers of entry:

· Foundation (35 minutes); and

• Higher (45 minutes)

Stimulus material in Irish, recorded by native speakers

Responses include selection, gap filling and

Answering some questions in English

20% Summer Terminal

Unit 4: Reading (AO3)

One externally assessed written paper Two tiers of entry:

• Foundation (40 minutes); and

• Higher (50 minutes)

Stimulus material of various lengths on a range of topics in Irish Responses include selection, gap filling and short answers in Irish, and some answers in English 20% Summer Terminal

## **REASONS FOR CHOOSING IRISH:**

## As of 1<sup>st</sup> January 2007 Irish is an official language of the European Union.

Irish, being the native language of this country, has a direct link with the pupil's past and present. In it are found the origins of many of our social customs, cultural traditions, attitudes and values that form the core of our identity. It acts as a launching pad for the pupil into the whole area of self-identity which forms such an essential part of education. Indeed, an education which does not include the study of one's native language would, in the opinion of many, be incomplete.

In the present world of increasing change and the growth of what one might call a European character, it is all the more urgent that pupils should have the stability of a cultural and national identity if the young people of the future are not to lose that special distinction offered to them by their own individualistic cultural heritage.

This interest in native languages in Europe generally is also clearly evident in Northern Ireland in the present upsurge in the interest in Irish, especially in the last number of years. Recent census results have revealed that 350,000 people in the Republic of Ireland use Irish daily, 180,000 people in Northern Ireland can speak Irish and 25,000 in the USA use Irish daily. With the current rise in popularity of Irish-Medium Education 4000 children are currently being educated in Irish Medium Schools and this is predicated to rise to 10,000 by 2016.

As the poet Seamus Heaney has stated -

'not to learn Irish is to miss the opportunity of understanding what life in this country has meant and could mean in a better future. It is to cut oneself off from ways of being at home. If we regard self-understanding, mutual understanding, imaginative enhancement, cultural diversity and a tolerant political atmosphere as desirable attainments, we should remember that a knowledge of the Irish language is an essential element in their realisation'.

All of the above, of course, is opening up a whole new area of employment for those who have the necessary qualifications in Irish. Virtually all of these jobs are new and in addition to the more traditional ones of Secondary and Tertiary level education. Currently government spends approximately £34 million on Irish Language Services in Northern Ireland each year. Foras na Gaeilge, a cross-border language body, receives a budget of £14million, while TG4 receives €28million as part of its budget from the Irish Government.

In addition to this, GCSE Irish has the added advantage of providing the pupil with the qualifications necessary for entry into a number of professions in the Republic of Ireland, e.g. Teaching, Law, Broadcasting, the Civil Service, Journalism, and the Armed Forces. These professions are normally closed to those students who do not have a pass grade in GCSE Irish.

## Career Opportunities:

Irish is no longer restricted to teaching and civil-service jobs in the Republic of Ireland. There are cross-border opportunities such as the legal profession, police, broadcasting and journalism (internet, television and printed word) where Irish is favoured. Currently vacancies are available in every aspect of the Media, acting, producing, directing etc. Job opportunities exist in Education, Childcare, Publishing, Science, Technology, Marketing, Finance, Personnel, Advertising and many more. Knowledge of Irish can bring success in employment in many areas throughout Ireland, north and south. Language skill is a mark of a resourceful, competent and intelligent person.
### LEARNING FOR LIFE AND WORK

This course is divided into three areas of study:

- Local and Global Citizenship;
- Personal Development; and
- Employability.

The content of each area is outlined in more detail below:

#### Local and Global Citizenship

- 1. Diversity and inclusion: challenges and opportunities;
- 2. Rights and responsibilities: local and global issues;
- 3. Government and civil society: social equality and human rights;
- 4. Democratic institutions: promoting inclusion, justice and democracy;
- 5. Democracy and active participation;
- 6. The role of NGOs.

#### Personal Development

- 1. Personal health and well-being;
- 2. Emotions and reactions to life experiences;
- 3. Personal safety and well-being;
- 4. Relationships and sexuality;
- 5. Responsible parenting;
- 6. Making informed financial decisions.

#### **Employability**

- 1. The impact of globalisation on employment;
- 2. Preparing for employment: recruitment and selection;
- 3. Rights and responsibilities of employers and employees;
- 4. Social responsibilities of businesses;
- 5. Exploring self-employment;
- 6. Personal career management.

In GCSE Learning for Life and Work, students are assessed against four assessment objectives. They must:

AO1: demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of Learning for Life and Work;

AO2: apply their knowledge and understanding of Learning for Life and Work;

AO3: research, analyse, interpret and evaluate information on Learning for Life and Work;

**AO4:** work with others, listen and contribute to discussion, ask and answer questions, and share ideas to improve ways of working and learning.

DRAFT CCEA GCSE Learning for Life and Work from September 2017

## 2 Specification at a Glance

The table below summarises the structure of this GCSE course.

Content	Assessment	Weightings	Availability
Unit 1: Local and Global Citizenship	External written examination	20%	Summer from 2018
	60 marks		
	1 hour		
	The written paper includes short structured questions and extended writing questions.		
Unit 2: Personal Development	External written examination	20%	Summer from 2018
	60 marks		
	1 hour		
	The written paper includes short		
	structured questions and extended writing questions.		
Unit 3: Employability	External written examination	20%	Summer from 2018
	60 marks		
	1 hour		
	The written paper includes short structured questions and extended writing questions.		

#### DRAFT CCEA GCSE Learning for Life and Work from September 2017

Content	Assessment	Weightings	Availability
Unit 4: Controlled Assessment Task	Controlled assessment 100 marks	40%	Summer from 2019
(Investigation)	Students complete one task from a choice of three. The task is based on investigating a topic in one of the following units: 1. Local and Global Citizenship; 2. Personal Development; or 3. Employability. The task involves the following: • Part A: Planning; • Part A: Planning; • Part B: Research; • Part C: Working with Others; • Part D: Communicating Findings; • Part E: Self-Evaluation; and • Part F: Presentation of Task. Teachers mark the task, and we moderate the results.		We will issue the title of the task on 1 September of the academic year in which the award is to be made.

Students must take at least 40 percent of the assessment (based on unit weightings) at the end of the course as terminal assessment.

#### What's involved?

Students will follow a modular course in LLW. They will study 2 modules e.g Local and Global Citizenship and Personal Development in Year 11 and complete module exams in both at the end of Year 11. (Each exam is 1hr and is worth 20% of your final mark. Year 11 is worth 40%)

They will then complete their controlled assessment unit and Employability module exam in Year 12.

(Year 12 is worth 60 %)

#### Reasons why you should choose LLW

Through LLW, students have the opportunity to do the following: develop as individuals and contributors to the economy, society and environment;

develop an understanding of spiritual, moral, ethical, social, legislative (including equality and disability discrimination), economic and cultural issues;

develop thinking skills and personal capabilities through a range of learning opportunities;

develop a range of skills to enhance opportunities for employability; and enhance their use of a range of technologies.

### **Career Opportunities:**

LLW would also be beneficial for anyone thinking of pursuing a career in teaching as, increasingly, teaching jobs are being advertised which include the ability to teach LLW. Because of the diverse range of topics covered, across the 3 strands of LLW, anyone thinking of following a career in Finance, Politics, Law, Media, Counselling or Business may also benefit from studying LLW.

### MATHEMATICS

#### (The below spec is based on 2016-2017 only)

# Changes to be made to the following specifications ; changes will not be confirmed until March/April 2017)

All students must study Mathematics to GCSE Level. The course available is Northern Ireland 2 Tier Modular GCSE and the 2 tiers of entry are Foundation and Higher.

For the Higher Tier grades A\* to D are available, and for Foundation grades C to G can be obtained.

We propose to enter students for Higher Tier.

At the end of 4<sup>th</sup> year each student will complete 45% of their GCSE by sitting either module 3 (T3) or module 4 (T4). Module 4 will assess work at grades A\*,A and B, while module 3 will assess work at grades B, C and D.

The module component will be an external written examination with calculator and will address the following three assessment objectives:

- recall and use their knowledge of the prescribed content
- select and apply mathematical methods in a range of contexts
- interpret and analyse problems and generate strategies to solve them

The paper is of 2 hours duration. Results for the module paper will be available in August.

The final 55% is the completion paper which is taken in June of 5<sup>th</sup> year. All students complete the same completion paper, T6, regardless of whether they have taken T3 or T4 in 4<sup>th</sup> year. The completion paper will be split into 2 papers – a non-calculator and a calculator and will address the same three assessment objectives as the module component. These will be taken in the same exam session, with the non-calculator paper first.

Each paper is of  $1\frac{1}{4}$  hours duration. Thus exam session will be approximately  $2\frac{3}{4}$  hours. The course presents students with four areas of study:

- Using and Applying Mathematics
- Number and Algebra
- Shape, Space and Measures
- Handling Data.

Using & Applying Mathematics

- Problem-solving
- Communicating
- Reasoning

Number and Algebra

- Using and applying number and algebra
- Understanding number and number notation
- Number operations and applications
- Patterns, relationships, sequences and generalisations
- Algebraic conventions and manipulations
- Functions, formulae, equations and inequalities

Shape, Space and Measures

- Using and applying shape, space and measures
- Exploration of shape
- Position and movement
- Measures

Handling Data

- Using and applying handling data
- Collect and record data
- Represent, analyse and interpret data
- Probability

### Career Opportunities:

A GCSE grade of B or above is essential for many careers: teaching (required by law), most banks/building society careers, most technical and scientific jobs, engineering, medicine, dentistry, insurance, health service management, nursing, psychology, management jobs and many office and shop jobs.

#### <u>GCSE FURTHER MATHEMATICS</u> <u>(ADDITIONAL MATHS)</u> <u>(The below spec is based on 2016-2017 only)</u> <u>(Changes to be made to the following specifications ; changes will not</u> <u>be confirmed until March/April 2017</u>)

This subject is studied in fifth year. Only those students who reach a certain level at KS3 are permitted to study the subject in fifth year. These students must also have obtained at least a Grade B at Higher Level GCSE Mathematics in fourth year. Those who do not obtain the required standard at KS3 may study GCSE Further Maths in lower sixth year. A student wishing to study Mathematics to "A" Level would find it very helpful to have done GCSE Further Maths. Those students taking Physics would also benefit from the subject.

If a student in the Abbey wishes to do 'A' Level Maths and has not done GCSE Further Maths he must study the subject in Lower Sixth year, and have gained a Grade A or A\* at Higher Level GCSE Mathematics.

#### Aims:

This specification aims to encourage students to:

- develop further their mathematical knowledge, skills and understanding;
- select and apply mathematical techniques and methods in mathematical, everyday and
  - real-world situations;
- reason mathematically, interpret and communicate mathematical information, make deductions and inferences, and draw conclusions;
- extend the base in mathematics from which they can progress to:
- higher studies in mathematics; and/or
- studies such as science, geography, technology or business which contain a significant
- requirement in mathematics beyond Higher Tier GCSE Mathematics; and design and develop mathematical models that allow them to use problem solving
- strategies and apply a broader range of mathematics to a variety of situations.

#### Key features:

The key features of the specification appear below:

- This course offers opportunities to build on the skills and capabilities developed through the delivery of the Key Stage 3 curriculum in Northern Ireland.
- It caters for students who require knowledge of mathematics beyond GCSE Higher Tier Mathematics and who are capable of working beyond the limits of the GCSE Mathematics specification.
- It is designed to broaden the experience of students whose mathematical ability is above average and who:
- will follow mathematical courses at AS/A Level;
- will follow other courses at AS/A Level that require mathematics beyond GCSE Higher Tier; or
- would like to extend their knowledge of mathematics.

GCSE Further Maths is assessed by two written papers each carrying 50%.

Paper 1: Pure Mathematics (This is taken in May/June.)

Paper 2: Mechanics & Statistics (This is taken in May/June)

### MOVING IMAGE ARTS

It can be said that no art or communication form is as influential, powerful or prolific in the modern era as the art of Moving Images. This GCSE course will appeal to any student with simply an interest in film making or considering a career in any form of media.

This specification focuses on how to create moving image products, and the genres within film-making. Students plan and create moving image products, and analyse and critically evaluate moving image genres. Through studying this specification students:

- develop an understanding of film language in theory and practice;
- develop ideas through investigating and experimenting with film-making techniques and processes;
- develop the ability to manage resources and equipment in relation to film production and produce moving image artworks;
- develop technical competence in the use of film-making techniques; and
- evaluate the effectiveness of their own practice.

Moving Image Arts consists of 3 Components:

Component 1: Critical Understanding of Creative and Technical Moving Image Production.
Component 2: Acquisition of Skills in Moving Image Production.
Component 3: Planning and Making a Moving Image Product.

## <u>Component 1:</u> Critical Understanding of Creative and Technical Moving Image Production

This component takes the form of an online examination carried out in Year 12. This examination is **40%** of the overall GCSE mark. **Section A:** Film Language, Genre and Representation. **Section B:** Creative Production, Management and Industry Contexts. **Section C:** Comparative Analysis.

#### Component 2: Acquisition of Skills in Moving Image Production

This component aims to enable students to develop five core skills of film production: Storyboarding Camera Editing Post production sound Animation Students must apply these core skills in the four tasks set by CCEA.

These tasks are carried out in Year 11 and together are worth 20% of the overall GCSE mark.

#### Component 3: Planning and Making a Moving Image Product

This component aims to extend students' skills to create a complete film production. Students create their own research analysis and production portfolio, including one complete short genre film with associated creative and organisational preproduction and production materials.

Component 3 is carried out in Year 12 and is worth 40% of the overall GCSE mark.

Component 3 has **four stages: Stage 1:** Research Analysis **Stage 2:** Creative Preproduction, Planning and Organisation **Stage 3:** Creative Production and Post-Production **Stage 4:** Evaluation

Students extend the skills they acquired in Component 2 by:

- Developing a narrative and script before producing a storyboard.
- Using others' work to influence their own camera work and editing, which must reflect genre-specific techniques and purposes.

• Recording and editing a wider range of production sound, including location sounds and dialogue where appropriate.

Students also develop and apply new skills in:

- Lighting
- Production design/mise-en-scene
- Production management



### GCSE MUSIC Examination Board: CCEA

This specification is intended for candidates who wish to pursue music at GCSE, building on skills and knowledge developed at Key Stage 3. The students taking music at GCSE Level will be interested in the subject and will also be accomplished performers at Grade 3-4 level and higher by Year 12.

DRAFT SPECIFICATION: GCSE Music consists of three units.

Performing & Appraising	Externally assessed by visiting examiner. 1 Solo performance and 1 ensemble performance. It should last no longer than 6 minutes. Discussion lasts approximately 3 minutes	35% Performance 30% Discussion 5%
Composing	Controlled assessment – Internally assessed. Candidate creates 2 compositions. One will be in response to a pre-release stimulus; one is free choice.	30%
Listening & Appraising	External written examination 1 hour 30 minutes	35%

Listening and Appraising will involve both familiar and unfamiliar music relating to the Area of Studies. The Areas of Study are:

#### 1 Western Classical Music (1600- 1910)

- Handel: For unto us a child is born from the Messiah
- Mozart: Horn Concerto No 4, 3<sup>rd</sup> Movement
- Berlioz: Symphonie Fantastique, 4<sup>th</sup> Movement

#### 2 Film Music

- Eric Coates: *March* (The Dam Busters)
- John Williams: Superman Theme
- James Horner: Young Peter from the Amazing Spiderman

#### 3 Musical Traditions in Ireland

- Beoga: Prelude Polkas: Prelude Polka, Paddy's Polka No 2 and Millstream Reel
- Stonewall: Fife Medley: Boys of Belfast and The Girl I Left Behind

#### 4 Popular Music (1980 – Present Day)

- David Bowie: Ashes to Ashes
- Ash: Burn Baby Burn
- Muse: I Belong to You

### GCSE Music is an excellent choice for any type of

**MUSICIAN**. The lessons involve use of IT, practical performing and composing sessions, as well as developing independent academic study of music. All types of musicians can thrive on this course, a wide range of skills are needed. Guitarists often find performing and composing easy, traditional musicians often find the listening and appraising their strength. Commitment is needed to develop weaker areas and fully utilise strengths. Involvement with ensemble work, be it choir or a band is necessary and an approximate performance level of grade 3 or equivalent is advisable as well as continued instrumental tuition. GCSE Music is varied, interesting, challenging and satisfying it could be the right choice for you - find out more!

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION

This course aims to provide students with the opportunity to become informed and competent participants in physical activity through the knowledge and understanding of the principles pertaining to effective performance and the intrinsic value of physical activity within society.

The syllabus is comprised of 4 areas of study:

#### 1. Factors affecting Participation and Performance in Physical Activity:

- (1) Why exercise? (long and short term effects)
- (2) Factors affecting exercise. (age, ability, lifestyle)
- (3) Safety in exercise.

#### 2. Developing Physical Health/Well-being:

- (1) Determining factors. (genetic, environmental, age)
- (2) Physiological factors. (fitness, training, nutrition)
- (3) Psychological factors. (use of drugs, motivation, mental rehearsal)

#### 3. Developing Peak Physical Fitness

#### 4. Developing Skilful Performances

Assessment is a balance between coursework (practical activities) and terminal examination as follows:

Terminal Examination	Paper 1	30%
Exercise Activity Profile		20%
Practical Activities		50%

Candidates will have a wide range of practical activities to choose from for assessment purposes.

Physical Education helps to prepare students for a wide range of career paths.

Learn skills in a variety of sports, games, dance, swimming, and outdoor pursuits for your own enjoyment and to share with others in many ways

- Develop leadership, organization, and communication skills which will serve you in any interaction with others, in your career or in recreation
- Come to understand the science of the body and how the body works, especially the musculoskeletal system, the nervous system, the respiratory system – and the cardiovascular system – and you will learn how to apply this knowledge to improve sports or dance skills, to repair injury, or to make appropriate exercise and nutrition decisions
- Understand and apply principles of healthy living, physically, mentally, emotionally, spiritually, socially, and environmentally, and learn how to share this knowledge in many settings
- Appreciate the breadth and depth of the health and human performance field, its history and future trends, and discover your place in the field.

### Career Examples

<u>Chiropractor</u>

- Physical Therapist
- Occupational Therapist
- <u>Athletic Trainer</u>
- Physical Education Teacher
- Fitness Specialist–Personal Trainer, Fitness Director
- Recreation Worker
- Dance Medicine and Science
- Geriatric Fitness Specialist
- Gerontology
- <u>Athletic Coach</u>
- Dance Educator
- Exercise Science / Sports Medicine
- Sports Management
- Sports Medicine
- Health Educator
- •

### **RELIGIOUS STUDIES**

Religious Studies at the Abbey is undergoing great change in so many ways be that from staffing to new syllabus to new Board and indeed the view our school takes of this subject. In short we see it as a priority!

We changed specification in September 2016. Our students now study a two year GCSE course presented by CCEA Examining Board. CCEA offer our pupils the option of completing two modular exams, one at the end of Year 11 and one at the end of Year 12. Module 1 is: Christianity through a study of the Gospel of Mark. The Topics to be covered are: The Identity of Jesus Jesus the miracle Worker The Kingdom of God

The Death and Resurrection of Jesus

The Role and Nature of Christian Discipleship

Module 2 is: An Introduction to Christian Ethics. The Topics to be covered are: Personal and Family Issues Matters of Life and death Care for the environment Equality War and Peace

#### Assessment:

Two externally assessed papers, lasting 1hr 30 minutes

The students within Religious Studies are encouraged after they have sufficient knowledge to question and discuss the material put in front of them by their teachers.

#### Skills developed:

Many of the skills involved are common to the other literary subjects included in the Key Stage Four programme, including research and investigation, discussion and written communication.

#### **Career Opportunities:**

This subject is recognised by all third level institutions as a well-developed Arts based Advanced level option. The skills acquired while studying the subject are valuable for the study of a wide variety of Third Level courses e.g. English, History, Law and Education.

### Recent RE A Level Graduates have gone on to study

Civil Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Law, Psychology, History, Law with Politics, Software Engineering, Radiography, Teaching St Mary's, Geography, Criminology & Social Policy, Construction Engineering, History, Social Work, Philosophy, Film & TV Studies, ICT, Sports Science, Finance, Environmental Planning & Business Management.

### **SCIENCE**

Students entering 4th Year will have the choice of doing ONE of the following options.

OPTION 1: "THE THREE SCIENCES"

OPTION 2: DOUBLE AWARD SCIENCE

OPTION 3: ONE OR TWO SCIENCE SUBJECTS

#### OPTION 1: "THE THREE SCIENCES"

Students will take Biology, Chemistry and Physics as three separate subjects for 4 periods per week. The Triple Award Science contains more Biology, Chemistry and Physics topics than is contained in Double Award Science. This option will deliver three GCSE Certificates and is an excellent preparation for an "A" level course in any of the subjects. Each subject is now modular.

#### OPTION 2: GCSE Science (Double Award Unitised) OPTION 2: GCSE Science (Double Award Unitised)

This course contains elements of Biology (25%), Chemistry (25%) and Physics (25%) and will be taken for 8 periods per week. Practical Investigation is worth 25%, and is made up of 7.5% practical examinations and 17.5% practical theory papers.

GCSE Science Double Award **will deliver two GCSE Certificates** (the grades can be the same e.g. AA or BB or can be different AB or BC).

Through studying this specification, students:

- gain a broad knowledge and understanding of science, biology, chemistry and physics;
- gain scientific, investigation and problem-solving skills;
- develop a critical approach to scientific evidence and methods; and
- acquire and apply skills, knowledge and understanding of how science works and its essential role in society.

The Specification is a unitised specification that includes seven units, 2 of biology, physics and chemistry. The other unit is The Practical Skills Unit evaluated by controlled assessment. Units 1–3 are available for assessment in the first year of teaching. (this may change as the new education minister has asked for this consultation and it may be that we have to revise our revised specifications again to make them comparable with English Boards which may mean a more linear style course.

Units 1-3 are each worth 11%

Units 4-6 are each worth 14%.

Unit 7 is worth 25%.

Units 1–6 are each assessed through a written examination, either at Foundation Tier (grades C-G) or Higher Tier (grades  $A^*-D/E$ ).

Students can resit each unit once.

### Career opportunities:

The course enables pupils to keep all their A-Level options open. It prepares pupils for the A-Level Sciences which are required for a wide variety of careers e.g. medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, chemistry, physics, biology, veterinary medicine, engineering, agriculture, food science, ophthalmic, optometry etc.

### **OPTION 3: ONE OR TWO SCIENCES**

### **BIOLOGY**

#### (The below spec is based on 2016-2017 only) (Changes to be made to the following specifications ; changes will not be confirmed until March/April 2017)

The aims set out below describe the educational purpose of following a course in Biology to GCSE

1. To develop an interest in, and enjoyment of the study of, and a respect of living organisms;

- 2. To encourage an attitude of curiosity and scientific enquiry through experimental and investigatory work in the study of Biology;
- 3. To develop an understanding of biological facts and principles and an appreciation of their significance in personal, social, economic, environmental and technological contexts;
- 4. To develop the skills of obtaining, handling and communicating information; to develop the ability to use these skills in the identification and solution of problems.

The subject content is divided as follows:

[i] Living organisms and life processes;

[ii] Environment;

[iii]Variation;

[iv] Microbiology.

### **Career Opportunities in Biology**

A selection of careers which require a Biological background includes:

Agriculture, Horticulture, Marine Biology, Food processing industry;

Medical - Medicine, Dentistry, veterinary Science, Pharmacy, Physiotherapy, Occupational therapy, Speech Therapy, Dietetics, Microbiology, Chiropody, Radio-therapy, Biochemistry, Nursing, Optics and Ophthalmic;

Education, Psychology, Bio-Geography, Zoology, Genetics, Genetic engineering, Biotechnology, Catering Industry, Sports science and Laboratory Technician.

Biology is a useful complementary subject to A-Level subjects such as Chemistry, Physics, Maths and Geography and the skills it develops will help students secure employment not only within Science disciplines but also in the non-science sector e.g. Management, Administration, Business, Marketing, Sales and computing.

Students who wish to study Biology at University are advised to take GCSE chemistry as it is a requirement for entry.

### **CHEMISTRY**

The Abbey follows the CCEA specification (syllabus). This specification encourages pupils to develop their curiosity about the material and physical worlds and provides insight into and experience of how science works. It enables students to engage with chemistry in their everyday lives and to make informed choices both about further study in chemistry and related disciplines and about their careers.

#### **Specification at a Glance**

Content	Assessment	Weighting	Availability
Unit 1: Structures, Trends, Chemical Reactions and Analysis	An externally assessed written examination consisting of a number of compulsory structured questions that provide opportunities for short answers, extended writing and calculations.	35%	Every Summer
Unit 2: Further Chemical Reactions, Organic Chemistry and Materials.	An externally assessed written examination consisting of a number of compulsory structured questions that provide opportunities for short answers, extended writing and calculations.	40%	Every Summer
Unit 3: Practical Skills	Students complete one controlled assessment task from a choice of two. Teachers mark the task and CCEA moderate the results.	25%	From September

#### **Career opportunities in Chemistry**

Studying chemistry opens the door to a wide range of career options. Chemists are not just confined to the lab.

Chemists play a vital role in developing many of the everyday products we take for granted and help to sustain and improve the quality of life.

Studying chemistry can result in careers in;

Nanotechnology; communication	designing structures on an atomic scale for use in medicine,
	and industry.
Environmental science;	understanding and safeguarding the environment.
Sustainability;	developing alternative energy sources for a cleaner healthier planet.
Innovation;	developing exciting new technology products.
Forensics;	helping to solve crimes.
Archaeology;	dating and analysing artefacts.
Biotechnology; sources and	seeking treatment for diseases, experimenting with new energy
	creating the next generation of consumer chemicals.
<i>Marine chemistry</i> production	reducing pollution and discovering new compounds for use in food
-	and medicines.

### Key Skills developed as a result of studying GCSE Chemistry:

- Application of Number
- Communication
- Improving Own Learning and Performance
- Information and Communication Technology
- Problem-Solving
- Working with others

### **PHYSICS**

Physics is that part of science and technology which deals with how and why things behave as they do. It includes such topics as heat, light, magnetism, electricity, thermodynamics, sound and mechanics.

Physics is concerned with things which vary in size from atoms to galaxies. Atoms which are far too small to be seen directly by the human eye are the building of blocks of all living and non-living things in the universe. Galaxies are enormously large collections of stars which can be so far away from us that they are only seen as tiny patterns of bright points of light.

Because of the wide variety of subject matter and its relevance to everyday life, Physics is a very interesting and practically based subject to study. Physicists rarely get bored with their work. Physics forms an essential basis for careers in virtually every branch of engineering, electronics, astronomy and meteorology and a useful basis in many others including medicine, agriculture, telecommunications and the Civil Service. Increasing numbers of physicists, including our own past pupils however, work in the stock market.

#### 2 Specification at a Glance

The table below summarises the structure of this GCSE course:

Content	Assessment	Weighting	Availability
Unit 1: Force and Motion, Energy, Moments and Radioactivity	An externally assessed written examination consisting of a number of compulsory structured questions that provide opportunities for short answers, extended writing and calculations Foundation Tier: 1 hour 15 mins Higher Tier: 1 hour 30 mins	35%	Every Summer (beginning in 2012)
Unit 2: Waves, Sound and Light, Electricity, and the Earth and Universe	An externally assessed written examination consisting of a number of compulsory structured questions that provide opportunities for short answers, extended writing and calculations Foundation Tier: 1 hour 30 mins Higher Tier: 1 hour 45 mins	40%	Every Summer (beginning in 2013)
Unit 3: Practical Skills	Controlled assessment Students complete one controlled assessment task from a choice of two. Teachers mark the task and we moderate the results.	25%	From September (beginning in 2011) (submitted every May beginning 2013)

At least 40 percent of the assessment (based on unit weightings) must be taken at the end of the course as terminal assessment.

### **Career opportunities in Physics**

Physics can lead to a career in professional physics as a lecturer or researcher. There are an extraordinary number of fields of research in physics from astrophysics and cosmology on the one side to electronics and nanotechnology on the other. Physics is a requirement for many engineering degree courses and is also acceptable for entry into non-scientific degrees such as law and accountancy. The new ccea physics syllabus contains a large section on astrophysics and cosmology.

### <u>SPANISH</u>

At the Abbey Grammar School, Spanish is offered to all pupils who have studied the subject in the Junior school. Much of the basic material for the G.C.S.E. course has been covered in second and third year. The course taught in Fourth and Fifth year closely mirrors the requirements of the Northern Ireland GCSE syllabus.

The information below is based on a draft revised specification and may be subject to change.

The first examinations will be taken in Summer 2018.

The GCSE Examination consists of four main areas:

Unit 1: Listening Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

Two tiers of entry:

- Foundation Tier (35 minutes)
- Higher Tier (45 minutes)

Stimulus material in Spanish, recorded by native speakers Responses include

- selection,
- gap filling
- answering some questions in English
- answering some questions in Spanish

#### Unit 2 Speaking: Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

Students will complete an oral lasting 7-12 minutes. The test will include:

- 2 role-plays
- a general conversation based on 2 topics.

Unit 3: Reading Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

Two tiers of entry:

- Foundation Tier (50 minutes) and
- Higher Tier (60 minutes)

Stimulus material of various lengths on a range of topics in Spanish

Pupils will answer 12 questions

Responses include:

- selection
- gap filling
- answering questions in English
- answering questions in Spanish

- translating short sentences from Spanish to English

Unit 4: Writing: Worth 25%. Externally marked by CCEA

2 Tiers of entry: Foundation Tier (1 hour) Higher Tier (1hr 15 mins)

Students will answer 4 questions:

- Writing a list of vocabulary (Foundation Tier only)
- Writing short phrases / sentences
- Short answers in Spanish to one or more pieces of text
- A short translation from English to Spanish
- A structured, extended writing in Spanish. You will have a choice of 3 questions to pick from.

GCSE Spanish is a very enjoyable course, which builds upon and develops the skills and vocabulary learnt through the study of Spanish in the junior school.

#### **Career opportunities:**

- 1. Spanish is an important European language
- 2. Spain is a rapidly increasing marketing economy with many outlets world-wide.
- 3. Many opportunities exist in the world of leisure and tourism for the practice of Spanish.

At the Abbey the GCSE course is studied on a topic basis. Students are given notes and exercises on each of the fourteen topics and over the two year course these build into the student's key study material.

## **DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY**

GCSE Design and Technology will prepare our students to participate confidently and successfully in an increasingly technological world. Students will gain awareness and learn from wider influences on Design and Technology including historical, social, cultural, environmental and economic factors. Students will get the opportunity to work creatively when designing and making and apply technical and practical expertise.

Our GCSE allows students to study core technical and designing and making principles, including a broad range of design processes, materials techniques and equipment. They will also have the opportunity to study specialist technical principles in greater depth.

You can find out about our Design and Technology qualifications at aqa.org.uk

A breakdown of Assessment follows:

Paper 1

What's assessed

- Core technical principles
- Specialist technical principles
- Designing and making principles

How it's assessed

- Written exam: 2 hours
- 100 marks
- 50% of GCSE

Questions

Section A - Core technical principles (20 marks)

A mixture of multiple choice and short answer questions assessing a breadth of technical knowledge and understanding.

Section B – Specialist technical principles (30 marks)

Several short answer questions (2–5 marks) and one extended response to assess a more in depth knowledge of technical principles.

Section C – Designing and making principles (50 marks)

A mixture of short answer and extended response questions including a 12 mark design question.

Coursework

What's assessed

Practical application of:

- Core technical principles
- Specialist technical principles
- Designing and making principles

How it's assessed

• Non-exam assessment (coursework): 30-35 hours approx • 100 marks • 50% of GCSE

Task(s)

- Investigating
- Designing
- Making
- Analysing and Evaluating

• Students will produce a working prototype and a portfolio of evidence (max 20 pages) • Work will be marked by the teachers in the Abbey and moderated by AQA

### **Career Opportunities:**

The course provides an important grounding in all aspects of Engineering and Design, and is widely recognised as an excellent starting point for university courses in Electrical, Electronic, Microelectronic (Computer), Civil, Aeronautical and Mechanical Engineering, as well as such courses as Architecture, Quantity Surveying, Advertising and Product Design & Manufacture. It is also possible to take a B.Sc.(Hons) course in Technology and Design as well as a teaching degree.

### **Careers Department Information**

- Students applying to medicine, veterinary medicine/science, dentistry, and pharmacy must complete four subjects at A Level. Furthermore it is advisable to carry a fourth subject to A Level for entrance to law at Queen's University, Belfast as the competition is getting stronger every year.
- QUB will only consider <u>GCSEs at the first attempt for some competitive</u> <u>entry courses</u>. <u>Resits of GCSEs will not be considered</u> under any circumstances for highly competitive courses of study such as medicine or dentistry.
- The threshold for medicine in Queen's University, Belfast at GCSE now stands at nine A\* grades (36 points) and for Dentistry at 36/37 points as of late. 38 points was the combined threshold total required for medicine interview at QUB in 2014 with a maximum of six points available from the UKCAT.

GCSE  $A^* = 4$  points; A = 3 points. Universities only take the best NINE GCSE results.

- Aptitude tests for medicine and other high demand courses, such as law, now form an important part of the application process, e.g. the United Kingdom Clinical Aptitude Test (UKCAT) or the BioMedical Admissions Test (BMAT) for medicine, the Health Professions Admission Test (HPAT-Ulster) for physiotherapy and all other health related/life science courses.
- The A\* grade at A Level may be specified as part of an alternative offer for a limited range of degree programmes.
- **CAO Applications** to the Republic of Ireland are scored as follows:

Best FOUR subjects at A Level from ONE academic year; OR

**Best THREE** at A Level from ONE academic year, **plus ONE AS** subject from either the same or preceding year only. (In other words from the same two-year certification cycle.)

From 2016	Universities and associated colleges and DIT		Institutes of (other than I	Technology DkIT)	
Grade	First 3 A- Levels	4th A- Level	or AS Level	First 3 A- Levels	AS Levels (& 4th A-level where presented)
<b>A</b> *	180	60		180	60†
Α	150	50	30	150	60
В	130	45	25	130	55

#### Applicant Scoring for GCE/GCSE – for applicants from 2016

From 2016	Universities and associated colleges and DIT		Institutes of (other than I	Technology DkIT)	
С	100	35	20	100	40
D	65	20	15	65	25
E	45	15	10	45	20

† Applies to A-level only

#### Universities and associated colleges and DIT:

Applicants are scored on the basis of their best four A levels or three A levels and an AS level in a different subject from the same or preceding year. The maximum number of points that can be achieved is 600.

<u>Note:</u> Applicants presenting Grade E or above in one of **A-Level Mathematics**, **Further Mathematics or Pure Mathematics** will have **25 points added** to their score for that subject. The bonus points will only be relevant where that subject is scored as one of the applicant's best four subjects for points' purposes. This gives a maximum possible score of 625.

# Institutes of Technology (other than DkIT) and other HEIs offering QQI HET awards:

Applicants are scored on the basis of a maximum of 4 different subject results at A and/or AS level.

Applicants are scored on the basis of a maximum of 4 different subject results at A and/or AS level. For scoring purposes, the following combination of A Levels and AS Levels are permitted:

1. The best 4 A level results in a single sitting.

2. The best 3 A level results in a single sitting, plus the best AS level result from the previous or the same sitting.

3. The best 2 A level subject results in a single sitting, plus the best 2 results at AS level from the previous or the same sitting.

4. The best 1 A level subject result in a single sitting, plus the best 3 results at AS level from the previous or the same sitting.

5. The best 4 AS level subject results in a single sitting.

#### Important information for all GCE Applicants

• Evidence of GCSE examinations must be supplied in order to meet minimum entry requirements.

• AS Levels must be in different subjects to those taken at A-Level.

• When sending documents, certified photocopies of certificates/statements of results produced by an Examining Board must be supplied to CAO well in advance of Round One offers – school transcripts will not be accepted.

• Applicants must also advise CAO of any previous AS and A Level awards and provide certified photocopies of certificates/statements of results produced by an examining board to support their application.

• CAO advises GCE applicants to discuss their AS Level certification process with their school. AS Level results are frequently cashed in along with A2 Level

results in the final year. As a result, candidates often will not have evidence of their AS Level results until the release of their A2 Level results in August. In this instance, CAO will expect to receive electronic notification of the AS Level results provided that the applicant has supplied their correct Board, Centre number and Candidate number for all subjects that will be cashed in in August 2015.

• If a school cashes in AS Level results in the same year as A Level results, applicants must enter the remaining AS Level subject carried forward on their CAO application – applicants must use the space provided for 'Examinations to be taken' in the Qualifications & Assessments section.

• CAO must be informed if the candidate sat any AS or A2 Level examinations at a different school.

Please note: all applicants must check the matriculation and minimum entry requirements for all courses.

#### UCAS Applications to the UK are scored as follows:

(Students making applications to Higher Education from September 2015 for courses starting from September 2016 are unaffected, including those students who opt to defer to 2017. These cohorts of students will continue to make choices and receive offers using the current tariff system.)

#### UCAS Tariff Points from September 2017

A2 Grade	New Tariff
A*	56
A	48
В	40
С	32
D	24
E	16

AS & AS VCE	New
Grade	Tariff
A	20
В	16
С	12
D	10
E	6

#### Pearson BTEC Subsidiary Diploma (QCF)

Grade	New Tariff
Distinction*	56
Distinction	48
Merit	32
Pass	16

**Edexcel BTEC National Award** 

Grade	New Tariff
Distinction	48
Merit	32
Pass	16

#### **Music Qualifications**

#### Certificate in Graded Examination in Music Performance

Grade	Grade 8	Grade 7	Grade 6
Distinction	30	16	12
Merit	24	12	10
Pass	18	10	6

#### **Certificate in Graded Examination in Music Theory**

Grade	Grade 8	Grade 7	Grade 6
Distinction	10	8	6
Merit	9	7	5
Pass	8	6	4

#### **Speech and Drama Qualifications**

#### **Graded Qualifications in Speech and Drama**

Grade	Grade 8	Grade 7	Grade 6
Distinction	30	16	12
Merit	27	14	10
Pass	24	12	8

Speech and Drama: Performance Studies

#### Official title: LAMDA Certificate in Speech and Drama: Performance Studies

Grade	Tariff
Distinction	24
Merit	16
Pass	8

Entry requirements for ALL university courses can be found online via the universities' websites or via UCAS using its course finder tool.

Copies of prospectuses for all major UK and Irish universities and training colleges are available in the careers room and in the study hall for students to review.